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Rooms 2, 3, 4, 181-2 North Meridian Street
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

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Fur-lined Men's Reindeer, Mocha and Kid Gloves. Get our prices.

GLOVE STORE

10 EAST WASHINGTON STREET.

HE DIED WHILE BOWLING

SUDDEN ENDING OF THE LIFE OF WILLIAM SCHMITT.

A Blood Vessel Burst While the Game Was On and Death Came Before Medical Aid Arrived.

William Schmitt died suddenly while bowling at the City Club bowling alleys last night. Schmitt was a middle-aged man and had made a high score in one game and he said he would make a still higher total in the next game. He started the game well and while in the middle of it was about to roll another ball when he fell to the floor, the blood gushing from his mouth.

A blood vessel in his heart had burst and within a few minutes he had bled to death. Medical aid was summoned but he was dead before the physicians arrived.

Schmitt was thirty-six years of age and lived with his parents at 818 North New Jersey street. He was well known among a large circle of friends and was a frequent visitor of the bowling alleys.

THE POLICY DREAMERS

HOW SOME COLORED MEN GAIN A PRECARIOUS LIVING.

Dreams Furnished to Order for the Benefit of Policy Players—Maple Twigs as Hoodoo Sticks.

Owing to the relentless war being made on policy runners and dealers by the municipal authorities there is one class of people who derive a slight income from the game who will be easily embarrassed. These are the "dreamers," who sit in barber shops and cheap eating houses and dream for the players. Most of the dreamers are colored men, who have no regular employment. They sit around in places where policy slips are sold. When a player comes into the room and is not sure of what number to play the dreamer will furnish a dream which, when interpreted by the dream book, will be used by the player. For this work the dreamer always asks a slight compensation from the player. The latter, if he should win on the number indicated by the dreamer, always tips him, the same as is done to race-track touts.

In talking with an old policy runner on the subject he said that it was surprising how many colored men live on "dreaming."

He said that in the quarters of the town where policy is sold to a great extent these lazy persons can easily be found ready to doze the players. He said that he finds it very amusing to watch the antics of the colored dreamers. When a woman or man enters the policy player's room the dreamer is suddenly awake to what is transpiring.

If the proposed player hesitates on the numbers to play the dreamer is ever ready to "dream just for a nickel." This invariably means the approval of the player. The colored man will then walk to the rear of the room, where he will sit for about five minutes, looking at a book of numbers. When he "awakes" he unfolds a tale of having seen something while asleep. This story is told in a very good manner. It is said, which pleases the player, and the story is told the dream book is consulted. If the dreamer has any sense in the making of the book which has been bearing on the story told by the dreamer is accepted by the player. The numbers are then copied by the player.

Since the war on policy playing is being waged these dreamers have had to look at life more seriously than they have in the past. They have had to find other means of making a living than the one they have been following.

An instance of how easily policy players can be deluded into thinking luck is always about them was told by an old-time policy player. He said that one day he was in a room where a group of colored people of the West End, every morning, when he called, they would hunt for a nickel or dime. Many of them, he said, would play the last nickel they possessed. This fellow knew the weakness of the colored race, and one day, when business was not brisk, he thought of an idea to gain more money. He said that he went into a park in his district and cut a number of twigs from a maple tree. These twigs he cut in small pieces about four inches long. Taking them with him, he went among his players and told them that he was in possession of a number of "hoodoo sticks," which had been charmed by a famous medium. The man had about twelve of the sticks when he started out, and it was but a short time when he disposed of all of them for 25 cents each.

CHIEF MARSHAL NAMED.

Gen. Carnahan Will Officiate at the Monument Dedication.

The committee having in charge the arrangements for the parade on the day of the dedication of the soldiers' and sailors' monument held a meeting yesterday afternoon and selected Gen. James R. Carnahan to be chief marshal on that occasion, with full power to act and select his aids.

The new officers of the Country Club are: President, Mortimer Levering; vice president, W. W. Knight; secretary-treasurer, Alfred H. Johnson; chairman of house committee, A. L. Mason.

The Indianapolis Fire Insurance Company has over \$500,000 invested in government bonds, municipal securities and mortgage loans. Patronize a home company which is safe and sound. Office No. 18 East Market street.

JOHN M. SPANN, Secretary, No. 18 East Market street.

JOHN H. HOLLIDAY, President.

A DREAM COMES TRUE

MRS. LENA BUSHFENMANN THOUGHT HER BOY WAS DEAD.

That Same Afternoon, While Skating on the Canal, He Broke Through the Thin Ice.

MOTHER KEPT IN IGNORANCE

IT WAS THOUGHT THE SHOCK WOULD BE TOO MUCH FOR HER.

Mother and Child Lived with Peter Sindlinger—A Long Search for the Body.

The death of Willie Bushfennann, ten years of age, by drowning yesterday afternoon, followed a few hours after he was held by his mother that she was holding her dead son, dressed in white, in her arms. She told of her dream at the breakfast table yesterday morning.

Mrs. Lena Bushfennann lives at 413 West Michigan street with the family of Peter Sindlinger. Her husband left her several years ago, and she has since been obliged to work for her living and support of her son, whose welfare seemed to be her only thought. Yesterday morning, at the breakfast table, she told the other members of the family that she had dreamed of holding the dead body of her child, dressed in white, in her arms. So real was the dream that she awoke with a start and was unable again to sleep. The thought of the dream affected her visibly during the forenoon, and by midday she was ill. In the afternoon she went to bed.

About 3 o'clock in the afternoon three boys were skating on the ice of the canal, just above the Vermont-street bridge. One of them got too close to the thinner ice near the center of the canal and broke through. The other boys quickly took off their skates and disappeared. A negro driving on Michigan street saw the boy struggling in the water. He whipped up his team and drove down along the west side of the canal, when opposite the helpless boy threw out the lines to him. The boy had twice come to the surface, but the next time did not show his face, and, of course, knew nothing of the effort of the colored man. He went down, and was seen no more until dragged out about two hours later.

In a few minutes there were several hundred persons on the bridge and along the canal waiting for the possible appearance of the body of the boy on the water's surface. The police were advised, and Bicycle Policemen Griffin and Manning, with hooks for dragging the canal, were the first to arrive on the scene. Information was given as to the identity of the boy.

SEVERAL NAMES USED.

It was reported that it was Willie Bushfennann, Willie Bush, and several other names were given. One little girl named Bush, who lived only a short distance away, passed on and inquiring the name of Bush mentioned concluded that it was her brother who had been drowned. She began weeping, and then walked rapidly around the square several times, crying as if her heart would break. She would not be comforted, and hardly listened to those who offered what consolation they could. Several mothers whose sons had habitually skated on the canal appeared, and each, after looking for her child, became possessed with the idea that it must be her son who had been drowned. As the work of dragging for the body went on the crowd grew larger, and there were more rumors. All were excited, and the crowd of police and on-lookers increased.

From one point of the bridge and the banks of the canal to another, greatly interfering with the work.

As nearly as could be learned the boy went through the ice about thirty feet north of the Vermont-street bridge, and was found in that part, but the body was not found, and then search was continued southward in the direction of the current. Search was made under the bridge, and then, after dragging some distance below, the hooks were taken to a considerable distance above the bridge. The body was found about seventy-five feet north of the Vermont-street bridge, and had been carried apparently against the current of the water.

Undertaker Herman took the body, at the request of Mr. Sindlinger, who acted for Mrs. Bushfennann, who had been kept in ignorance of the drowning of her son.

Only a short time before the body was found did the identity of the boy become known to the police. He was a white boy, and living at 622 North California street, told a number of the watchers that he had been with young Bushfennann when he broke through the ice. He said there was another boy with them, but he did not know his name.

INSTALLATION EXERCISES.

Mayor Charles A. Bookwalter and Others Were Invited Guests.

The annual installation meeting was held last night by George H. Chapman Post, No. 30, in its hall, 135 North Delaware street. The new officers elected to serve during 1902, both of the Women's Relief Corps and of the post, were impressively installed by Capt. William H. Armstrong, member of the national council of administration, and by Mrs. Lou Riggs, past president of the Relief Corps. After the installation services were completed Mayor Bookwalter and Gen. James R. Carnahan addressed the veterans, outlining the faithfulness of the volunteer corps and recalling some famous exploits. A reception was tendered the mayor, Mr. Waldron, a friend of the post, recited several martial selections, among them "The Black Volunteers."

Officers of the Relief Corps were installed as follows: President, Mrs. Lillian Kelly; vice president, Mrs. Kate Rickerts; junior vice president, Mrs. Eva Elza; treasurer, Mrs. Maria Wheat; secretary, Mrs. Louise Hillier; conductor, Mrs. Susan; assistant conductor, Mrs. Grace Tevebaugh; guard, Mrs. Alice O'Donnell; assistant guard, Mrs. Eddie Kueper; color bearers, Mrs. Carrie Banks, Mrs. Allison, Mrs. Frank Hay and Mrs. Brownlee.

The officers installed were: Commander, F. E. Swift; senior vice commander, Gordon Ward; junior vice commander, John S. Wilson; theodoric, Dr. W. H. Woodard; officer of the day, A. J. Buchanan; quartermaster, L. P. Tedrow; officer of the guard, Frank Hay; adjutant, Frank Hall; sergeant major, C. B. Hale; quartermaster sergeant, Smith D. Shannon; chaplain, Joseph Hays; color bearers, W. W. Post and F. F. Nichols.

UNION MEN QUIT WORK.

The Union and Conrad Bender at Outs—New Schedule Considered.

All of the carpenters employed by Conrad Bender have been called off by Business Agent Travis, of the Carpenters' Union, because he is working nonunion men. The men working on a building being erected for the Atlas engine works by Bender were first called off because he was employing nonunion men there. The union was unable to effect a settlement with him on this work, and all of the union men were then withdrawn from him.

The union has decided to lay the matter before the Contractors' Association, but finds itself in a peculiar predicament. Bender is acting secretary of the Contractors' Association, and the carpenters will not send a letter to him for the association. It has been decided to appoint a committee to wait upon John A. Schumacher, president of the association, to bring the matter before that body. The union of carpenters

AGASSI WATER WORKS

may continue for three weeks or a month. The services will be under the direction of the pastor, Rev. C. E. Buron. The meetings will begin at 7:30 o'clock each evening.

ELECTRIC LINE TO PLAINFIELD.

Charles Finley Smith and Others Are the Incorporators.

Late yesterday afternoon a representative of the Indianapolis & Western Traction Company filed the company's articles of incorporation with the secretary of state.

Charles Finley Smith, a local banker, is named as president of the company. Besides him, Edward Smith, Joseph Little, Philip Goetz and John G. Briggs are named as directors. The company is capitalized at \$100,000, of which \$10,000 has already been paid up.

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IN TWO CITY CHURCHES

REV. CANFIELD JONES, OF ERIE, PA., AT SECOND PRESBYTERIAN.

He May Be Selected to Succeed Rev. J. A. Milburn—Fiftieth Anniversary of Fourth Presbyterian.

The services in two of the Presbyterian churches to-day will be of exceptional interest. At the Second the Rev. Canfield Jones, of Erie, Pa., will preach both in the morning and evening. He may become pastor of the Second Church. He is a Pennsylvanian and was educated in his home State. After being graduated from Princeton College and the Princeton Theological Seminary, he took charge of a church at Fort Hope, Ontario, Canada. He was married to Miss Anna Chisholm, of Berlin, Canada. He is now pastor of the Park Presbyterian Church, of Erie. He is a young man and is said to have been unusually successful. In his own pulpit he wears a clergyman's silk gown, which was presented to him by his congregation.

An offering of the Second Church will celebrate its fiftieth anniversary this morning. It is the Fourth Presbyterian Church and it occupies a handsome building in Morton Place. The congregation's first meeting was held on Nov. 30, 1851. It was decided then that "Meridian street is to be the dividing line between the Second Church and the one about to be formed, and that the residing west of Meridian street be requested to remain in the Second Church, and all residing east of Meridian street be requested to go into the new church." The division was amicable.

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Mrs. Julia Moore is the only surviving one of the church's original nineteen members. Mrs. Catherine Bullard, Mrs. Jane M. Ketcham and Col. Samuel Merrill are among the oldest members. The pastors have been M. Maxwell, A. L. Brooks, Charles H. Marshall, J. H. Morrison, E. B. Mason, A. H. Carrier, George L. McNutt, E. P. Whallon and George L. Mackintosh.

THE FIGHT STARTED.

President Davenport, releasing the chair in front of Member Ward, started the fight by announcing that he had a copy of an ordinance which he proposed to introduce for the establishment of a water works in the town of Irvington. With the proposed ordinance he also had, at the instance of the "Irvington Water Company," figures showing in detail the cost of erecting a water works plant. These figures were prepared for the water company by Civil Engineers Jepp, Moore and Minor. These engineers estimated that the cost of putting in seventy-four double discharge hydrants, two tubular wells two engines and six miles of piping would be \$436,000.

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Mr. Ward, in reply, proposed that the Irvington board do nothing but to present any action the Indianapolis City Council may take to-morrow night by immediately rejecting the franchise, Mr. Davenport said that there was no doubt that the Indianapolis Council intended to annex Irvington to-morrow night and the only way for Irvington to get a water plant was to accept the present opportunity. If the town were to reject the franchise, it would be in a position to get a water plant in six or seven years before Irvington would get any attention from Indianapolis.

Members of the board, said that while he was opposed at this time to the annexation of Irvington by Indianapolis he would support the ordinance of the kind proposed, and to saddle a debt on the town. He carried out and said he would support no measure of the kind. He did not think that his duty to the town required him to justify him in voting for such a franchise.

REFUSED THEIR SANCTION.

The other two members of the board who helped kill the ordinance, Theodore Layman and S. H. Richey, simply refused to give their sanction to the ordinance favored by Mr. Davenport and Mr. Elstun. The final vote on the ordinance was three against two. Feeling of the most intense kind was manifested by the members of the board, and the speeches were being made and the vote was being taken when speakers controlled their voices with difficulty. H. C. Ulen, Jr., when he asked for the yeas and nays, said that he had been much troubled, said that he had no doubt the majority of the board members had acted conscientiously; but he intimated strongly that they need not come to his company in the future for favors.

It was stated last night that the action of President Davenport in calling a meeting to-morrow night for the purpose of considering the water works franchise was unlooked for. Enemies of the annexation movement say that it was a clever attempt to stave off crucial action, but that the move will result in something exactly opposite to what was desired by Mr. Davenport and his followers.

When Councilman Fred Eppert, chairman of the Council committee on city affairs, which has in its charge the Irvington annexation ordinance, was informed last night that an attempt had been made to put through the Irvington Town Board the water works franchise, he became in a most indignant mood.

"To me," he said, "the proceeding savors a little of the under-handed. It looks as if the more prominent enemies of annexation are trying to win their fight by unfair means. As chairman of the committee, I will not take any part in the matter, and have said by us; but here they are trying to force us into an awkward position by the saddling of a debt on Irvington. I will tell you one thing most certainly that this move will not succeed. I will tell you another thing, and that is, if the members of the committee and if they feel that the town ought to be taken in whether or not I shall oppose any great resistance. I shall call a meeting of the members of the committee to-morrow and we will probably take some action."

ROBERTS PARK REVISIT.

The congregation of Roberts Park Church has arranged for a series of revival meetings to begin to-morrow evening. They

THE IRVINGTON TOWN BOARD DEFEATS THE ORDINANCE.

What Was Intended to Be a Secret Meeting Called by Two Members of the Board.

COMPANY CHANGES ITS NAME

"IRVINGTON WATER COMPANY" INCORPORATED LATE IN DAY.

Members Disappointed at the Town's Action—What Councilman Eppert Says of Matter.

Irvington buzzed like a hornet's nest last night when the news became known that certain members of the Town Board, in what was originally intended should be a secret meeting, had attempted to force through the governing body of the town an ordinance giving the "Irvington Water Company" a franchise to establish in the town a water works plant and saddling on Irvington a debt of \$436,000.

The news came as a direct surprise for the reason that it was supposed the board was aware of the public sentiment against granting a franchise of any kind to prevent the mooted question of annexation to Indianapolis was settled. It was known that President Frank Davenport and J. W. Elstun, of the board, were strongly in favor of giving the franchise and had talked at length and vigorously in behalf of the proposition of the American Water and Light Company at the town meeting the other night, but the general understanding was that the board had decided to let the matter rest for a while. It is said that Messrs. Davenport and Elstun, however, evidently thought it best to strike while the iron was hot and believed that passing the ordinance would dampen whatever ardor Indianapolis councilmen might have for the annexation of the suburb. Consequently, according to Member Layman, they called the meeting without giving public notice, few persons being there except board members knowing anything about it.

A DISAPPOINTMENT.

The board members mentioned had been confident of success, it was stated, and the voting down of the water-works ordinance was a severe disappointment to them. So confident were the officials of the company asking for the franchise that it would be put through in last night's meeting that they had gone before the secretary of state in the afternoon and changed the name of the company from the "American Water and Light Company" to the "Irvington Water Company," the officers of both being identical and the object exactly the same. It was stated that the incorporation under the new name was made to prevent litigation in further bonding of other enterprises the company might undertake. It is the best way to give the company a "local identity."

The "Irvington Water Company," duly bereft of life by the action of the town board last night, is said to have been capitalized at \$100,000. Its officers and incorporators were Samuel V. Perry, Henry C. Ulen, Jr., Albert G. Perrott and Harry C. Higgins.

With the members of the Town Board of Irvington, the officers of the company were J. W. Elstun, Theodore Layman, S. H. Richey and C. J. Ward—these officers met to see if we cannot arrive at a method of action that will give us cause for complaint that the city police force is not doing its duty, and not find a way to get out of the plan of the company. We will after looking for her child, became possessed with the idea that it must be her son who had been drowned. As the work of dragging for the body went on the crowd grew larger, and there were more rumors. All were excited, and the crowd of police and on-lookers increased.

"That depends largely upon the results of our instructions to the superintendent of police and the action of his men. In our opinion the department is getting down to business in the right way the Board of Safety will not find it advisable to take further action. If results are not satisfactory further action will certainly be taken."

Major Bookwalter, Superintendent of Police, and Captain Gerber will meet with the board to-morrow morning.

BURGLARS IN IRVINGTON

SOLID SILVERWARE AND JEWELRY TAKEN FROM TWO HOUSES.

Robert M. Hatten and C. A. Lucas the Victims—Other Residents Heard Night Prowlers.

Burglars have been at work in Irvington. Two houses were entered and robbed of considerable values Friday night.

At the home of Robert M. Hatten, 350 South Ritter avenue, the most booty was secured. The thieves, who appear to have been experienced hands at the business, gained an entrance into the house by forcing open a cellar window. From the cellar the stairs lead into the kitchen. A swinging door opens into the dining room from the kitchen, so the thieves had no difficulty in entering the dining room and the lower part of the house. They took all of Mrs. M. Hatten's solid silver ware and some valuable china ware, with a gold watch. The robbers opened the whole lower floor so that they could make a speedy exit if discovered, but they were so quiet and skilled in their work that none of the family was awakened. Only silver and very valuable things were desired, as the thieves did not touch clothing or wraps.

The other house entered was the home of Mr. C. A. Lucas, about a square from the Hatten residence. The thieves, who did not secure so much booty, but made themselves more at home. They entered the dining room by prying open a dining room window. Their first idea seemed to have been to throw open all the doors and search the house. They did not, however, but the robbers were disturbed in their work by Mr. Lucas, who came down stairs at about 10 o'clock to attend to the fire. Only about \$7 or \$8 worth of solid silver was taken and the plated ware was left in the house. Mrs. Lucas's valuable silver, which was hidden in the front room, was overlooked. Remains of some pies were found on the dining room table, showing that the thieves had indulged in an early morning lunch. Mrs. Lucas's mother, who sleeps down stairs, was awakened by the noise. She is a very light sleeper, but she did not hear a sound, although the thieves were very close to her bed. She was sick all day yesterday, and she smelt a peculiar odor when she got up in the morning. The burglars left a large hatchet at each of the doors.

Several other citizens say they heard rumors around during the night. Rev. A. J. Roberts, who lives but two doors from the Lucas house, says his woodshed was broken open and things scattered about.

No Hold-Ups Recently.

For several days no hold-ups have been reported to the police and it is thought the men who have been doing all or a greater part of the recent work have been arrested.

Extra efforts are being made to stop the practice and for this purpose thirty-five of the regular force have been detailed to patrol the city in plain clothes, covering the territory also covered by regular patrolmen. The special men are mounted on bicycles and are able in this way to get over a great deal of territory. The arrests of the robbers have been made by them.

New Planes \$18 and up at Wulschner's.

may continue for three weeks or a month. The services will be under the direction of the pastor, Rev. C. E. Buron. The meetings will begin at 7:30 o'clock each evening.

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